ADVOCATING FOR INDIVIDUALS AND FAMILIES LIVING WITH FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDERS (FASD)

WEBINAR PRESENTED AT NO COST TO PARTICIPANTS
TO REGISTER:

HTTPS://WWW.EVENTBRITE.COM/E/148067888039

MODERATED BY: TOM DONALDSON, PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL ORGANIZATION ON FETAL ALCOHOL SYNDROME

MAY 14, 2021 WEBINAR TRAINING
12:00-1:30 CENTRAL STANDARD TIME

For questions or information: deere@uark.edu; 501-765-6522

FASD IN ARKANSAS:

BIRTHS WITH FASD EACH YEAR 382 (THAT'S 7 PER WEEK OR 32 PER MONTH)

CHILDREN WITH FASD IN ARKANSAS: BIRTH – THREE (1,146) OR BIRTH – 18

YEARS (6,876)

COST OF FASD IS \$22,810 PER YEAR (BY AGE 20 ARKANSAS HAS SPENT \$456,200 PER CHILD WITH FASD)

Introductions and Comments: Tom Masseau, Executive Director of Disability Rights Arkansas

<u>David Deere</u>, Co-director of Specialty Diagnostic Resource Center (A program affiliated with AR Regional LEND and University of Central Arkansas) & Board Member of Arkansas None for Nine

Participants will learn about local resources related to FASD.

Speakers:

<u>Dr. Larry Burd</u>, Ph.D., Director of the North Dakota Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Clinic

FASD: If It's So Common Why Don't We See It?

Participants will become familiar with population estimates of FASD in foster care and corrections service systems. Current screening strategies for FASD will be discussed. Participants will learn about appropriate management of people with FASD in these systems. Emphasis will be given to prevention of secondary disabilities as a component of diagnosis informed management.

<u>Diane Smith Howard</u>, Esquire, National Disability Rights Network, Washington, D.C. Educational Rights of Children and Youth with FAS

This presentation will cover key issues involving the legal rights children and youth in the public education system. Included will be issues that often arise for children with FASD including Identification, discipline and eligibility. Case hypotheticals will be discussed, and specific legal resources will be provided.

William Edwards, Deputy Public Defender, Los Angeles County
Public Defender, Mental Health Court
Why FASD should be considered a 'developmental disability":
Identifying the need for services to overcome not overshadow
the secondary disabilities.

This presentation will examine the facts that show Why FASD is a permanent developmental disability. It's a severe developmental disability. FASD is not a disorder that children outgrow. FASD is a lifetime disorder that starts at birth and lasts the lifetime-THE FUTURE OF FASD? The neurodevelopmental, neurocognitive and neurobehavioral deficits get worse over time. Often both state and federal governments place over-reliance on the IQ level = unfair denial of services to children and adults. Measuring the IQ can be misleading, as people with FASD have lower adaptive behavioral scores. Most state agencies argue that the low adaptive behavioral deficits are based "solely on psychiatric issues."

Sponsored By:

National Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (NOFAS, Washington, D.C.)

Disability Rights Arkansas- Protection & Advocacy Service, Inc.

The National Disability Rights Network (Washington, D.C.)

Arkansas None for Nine (State Affiliate of NOFAS)
Office of the Federal Public Defender for the
Eastern District of Arkansas

Arkansas Regional Leadership Education in Neurodevelopmental Disabilities (LEND)

Specialty Diagnostic Resource Center (SDRC)

Arkansas State CASA Pulaski County CASA

Safe Babies Court Team, Zero to Three (Arkansas)
Center for Arkansas Legal Services
Arkansas Access to Justice

National Association of Black Social Workers, Inc.
(NABSW)

UA Little Rock chapter of ABSW

The FASD Project

FASD Communities

Arkansas Department of Education
First Baptist Little Rock
National Bar Association: Criminal Law and
Juvenile Justice Section

















Disability Rights Arkansas





Specialty Diagnostic Resource Center



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